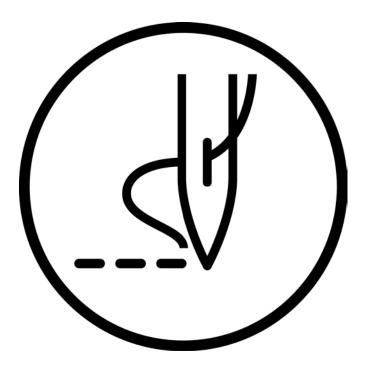


Please read this manual before using the machine. Please keep this manual within easy reach for quick reference.

SINGLE NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE NEEDLE FEED LOCK STITCHER WITH THREAD TRIMMER





Thank you very much for buying a BROTHER sewing machine. Before using your new machine, please read the safety instructions and the explanations given in the instruction manual.

With industrial sewing machines, it is normal to carry out work while positioned directly in front of moving parts such as the needle and thread take-up, and consequently there is always a danger of injury that can be caused by these parts. Follow the instructions from training personnel and instructors regarding safe and correct operation before operating the machine so that you will know how to use it correctly.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

[1] Safety indications and their meanings This instruction manual and the indications and symbols that are used on the machine itself are provided in order to ensure safe operation of this machine and to prevent accidents and injury to yourself or other people. The meanings of these indications and symbols are given below.

Indications

The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions will result in death or serious injury.
The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions could result in death or serious injury.
The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions may result in minor or moderate injury.

Symbols

	<u>.</u>	This symbol (Δ) indicates something that you should be careful of. The picture inside the triangle indicates the nature of the caution that must be taken. (For example, the symbol at left means "beware of injury".)
Ć)	This symbol (\bigotimes) indicates something that you <u>must not</u> do.
ę		This symbol () indicates something that you <u>must</u> do. The picture inside the circle indicates the nature of the thing that must be done. (For example, the symbol at left means "you must make the ground connection".)

[2] Notes on safety

A DANGER

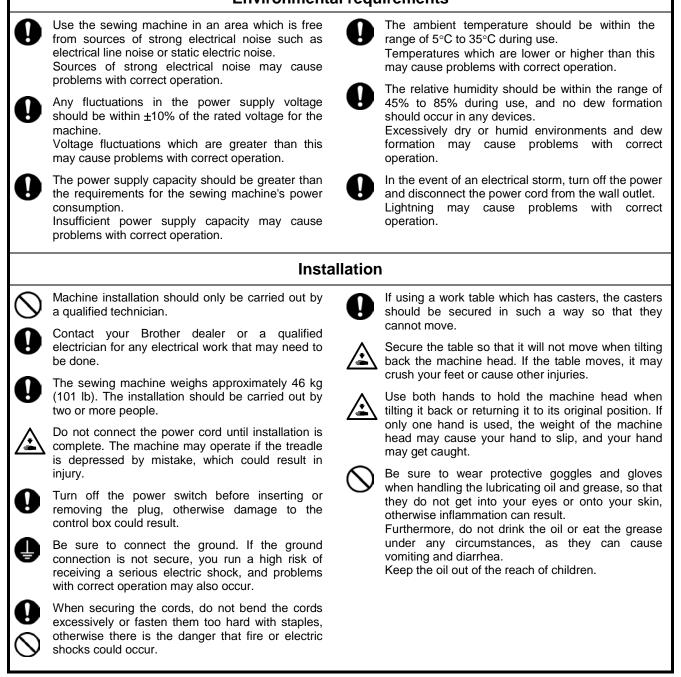
Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the cover of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.



Do not allow any liquids to get onto this sewing machine, otherwise fire, electric shocks or operating problems may occur.

If any liquid gets inside the sewing machine (machine head or control box), immediately turn off the power and disconnect the power plug from the electrical outlet, and then contact the place of purchase or a qualified technician.

Environmental requirements



CAUTION

Sewing



This sewing machine should only be used by operators who have received the necessary training in safe use beforehand.

The sewing machine should not be used for any



applications other than sewing. Be sure to wear protective goggles when using the

machine. If goggles are not worn, there is the danger that if a needle breaks, parts of the broken needle may enter your eyes and injury may result.



Turn off the power switch at the following times.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When threading the needle
- When replacing the bobbin and needle
- When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended

If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.



Attach all safety devices before using the sewing machine. If the machine is used without these devices attached, injury may result.



Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.



Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.



Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.



If an error occurs in machine operation, or if abnormal noises or smells are noticed, immediately turn off the power switch. Then contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.

If the machine develops a problem, contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.

Cleaning



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught. Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances as they can cause

under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

Maintenance and inspection



Maintenance and inspection of the sewing machine should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Ask your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician to carry out any maintenance and inspection of the electrical system.



Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet at the following times, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When carrying out inspection, adjustment and maintenance
- When replacing consumable parts such as the rotary hook and knife



If the power switch needs to be left on when carrying out some adjustment, be extremely careful to observe all safety precautions.



Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.



When replacing parts and installing optional accessories, be sure to use only genuine Brother parts.

Brother will not be held responsible for any accidents or problems resulting from the use of non-genuine parts.



If any safety devices have been removed, be absolutely sure to re-install them to their original positions and check that they operate correctly before using the machine.



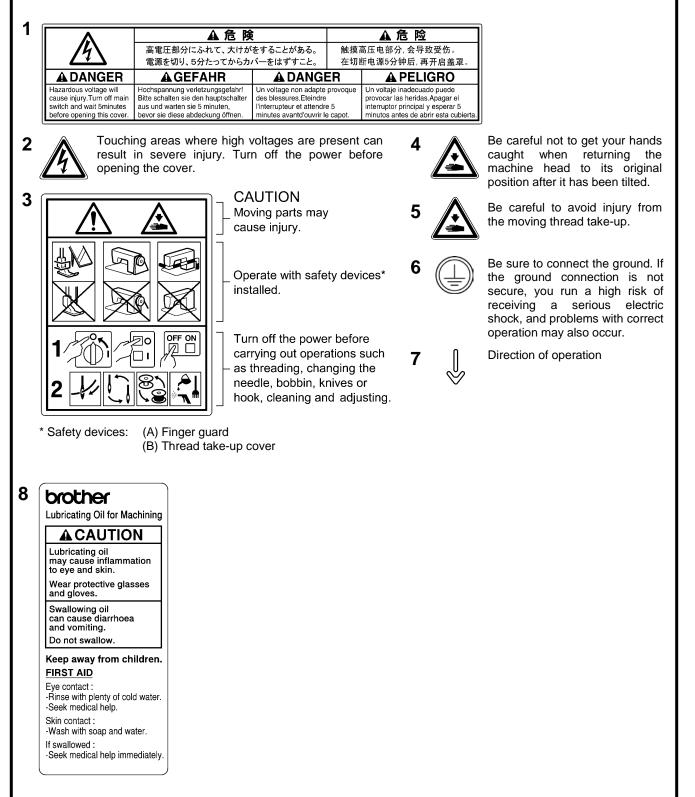
To prevent accidents and problems, do not modify the machine yourself.

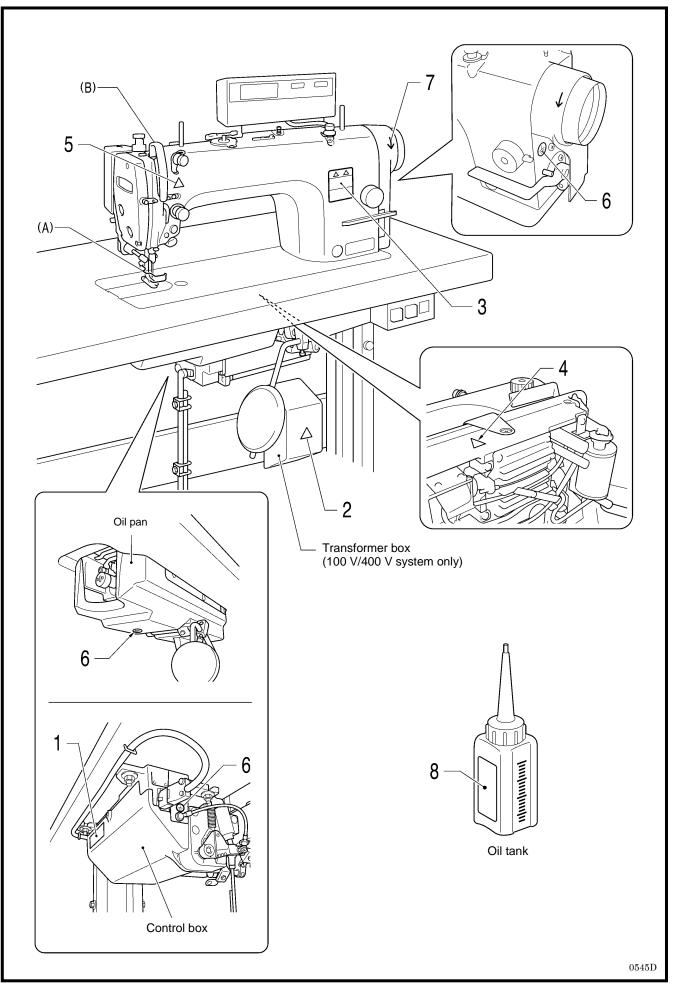
Brother will not be held responsible for any accidents or problems resulting from modifications made to the machine.

[3] Warning labels

The following warning labels appear on the sewing machine.

Please follow the instructions on the labels at all times when using the machine. If the labels have been removed or are difficult to read, please contact your nearest Brother dealer.



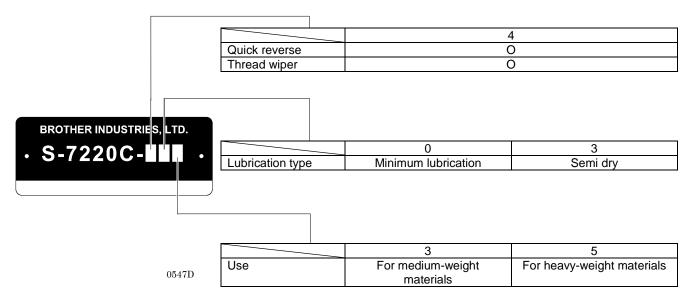


CONTENTS

1. MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS 1	I
2. INSTALLATION 2 2-1. Table processing diagram 3 2-2. Installation 3 2-3. Lubrication 7 2-4. Connecting the cords 8 2-4-1. Opening the control box cover 8 2-4-2. Connecting the cords 8	3 3 7 3 3
3. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (BASIC OPERATIONS) 13 3-1. Names and functions 13 3-2. Sewing start and end backtack stitches 16 3-3. Sewing continuous backtack stitches 16 3-4. Sewing fixed stitches 17 3-5. Sewing name labels 18 3-6. Sewing pleat presser stitches 19 3-7. Using the lower thread counter 20	3 5 6 7 8 9
4. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (ADVANCED OPERATIONS) 21 4-1. Names and functions 22 4-2. Adjusting the needle up stop position 22 4-3. LOCK key 23 4-4. Resetting all settings to their defaults 24	1 2 3 4
 5. SEWING	5
6. CLEANING 27 6-1. Daily cleaning procedures 27 6-2. Applying grease (When "GrEASEUP" appears…) 30	7
7. REPLACING THE FIXED KNIFE AND MOVABLE KNIFE	2
8. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS 33 8-1. Adjusting the safety switch position 34 8-2. Adjusting the needle bar height 35 8-3. Adjusting the needle and rotary hook timing 36 8-4. Adjusting of the feed dog height 37 8-5. Adjusting the needle and feed mechanism timing 36	4 5 7 8 9
8-7. Adjusting arm thread guide R	

8-9. Adjusting the rotary hook lubrication	
amount	41
9. TROUBLESHOOTING	42
9-1. Sewing	42
9-2. Error code displays	47
10. 7-SEGMENT DISPLAY	51

1. MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS



		-403	-433	-405
Max. sewing speed		5,000 sti/min* ¹	4,000 sti/min	4,000 sti/min * ²
Start backtacking and continuous backtacking speed		220 - 3,000 sti/min		
End backtacking speed		1,800 sti/min		
Max. stitch length		4.5 mm		5.5 mm
Presser foot height	Lifting lever	6 mm		
	Knee lifter	16 mm		
Feed dog height		1.0	mm	1.2 mm
Needle (DB×1, DP×5)		#11	- #18	#19 - #22
Motor		AC servo motor		
Control circuit		Microprocessor		

*1...When sewing at speeds of 4,000 sti/min or higher, set the stitch length to 3.5 mm or less.
 *2...When sewing at speeds of 3,000 sti/min or higher, set the stitch length to 4.5 mm or less.

Rotary hook

-403, -433	-405
Lubricated /	Lubricated /
for medium materials	for heavy materials

Lubricating oil

	-403, -405	-433
Rotary hook		High-speed spindle
Needle bar	High-speed spindle	Special Brother grease

2086M 0548D

2. INSTALLATION

CAUTION



Machine installation should only be carried out by a qualified technician.



Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.



The sewing machine weighs approximately 46 kg (101 lb). The installation should be carried out by two or more people.



Do not connect the power cord until installation is complete. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

About the machine set-up location

- Do not set up this sewing machine near other equipment such as televisions, radios or cordless telephones, otherwise such equipment may be affected by electronic interference from the sewing machine.
- The sewing machine should be plugged directly into an AC wall outlet. Operation problems may result if extension cords are used.



Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may

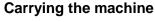
Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If

only one hand is used, the weight of the machine

head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand

crush your feet or cause other injuries.

may get caught.



 \Box The machine should be carried by the arm by two people as shown in the illustration.

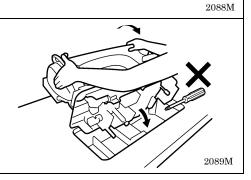
Hold the motor cover (A) by hand also so that the pulley does not rotate.

Tilting back the machine head

 \Box Hold section (B) with your foot so that the table does not move, and then push the arm with both hands to tilt back the machine head.

Returning the machine head to the upright position

- 1. Clear away any tools, etc. which may be near the table holes.
- 2. While holding the face plate with your left hand, gently return the machine head to the upright position with your right hand.

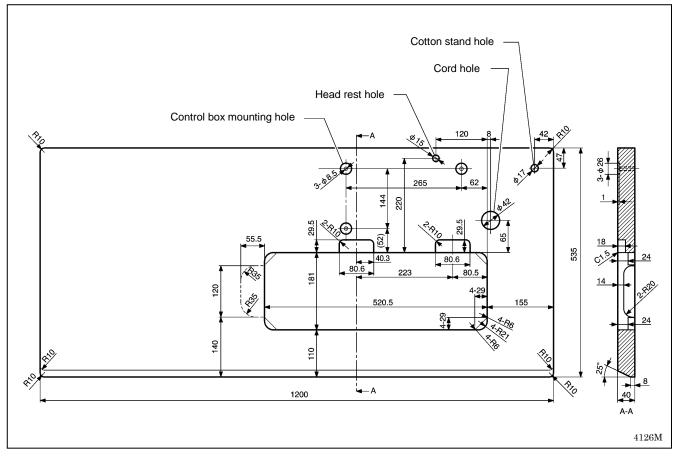


(B)

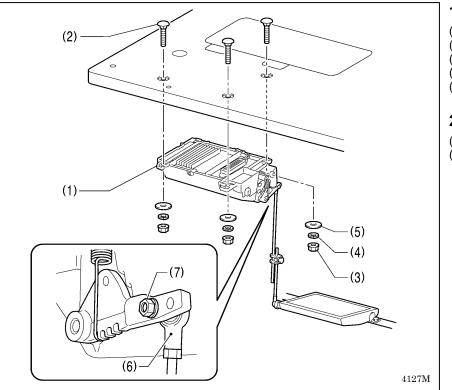
2-1. Table processing diagram

The top of the table should be 40 mm in thickness and should be strong enough to hold the weight and with-stand the vibration of the sewing machine.

Drill holes as indicated in the illustration below.



2-2. Installation

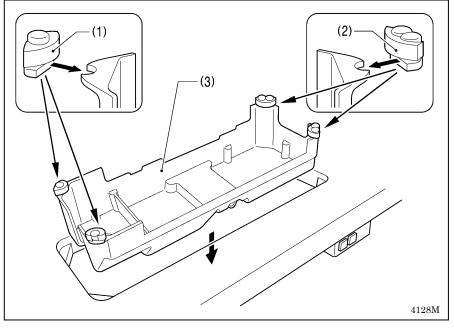


1. Control box

- (1) Control box
- (2) Bolts [3 pcs]
- (3) Nuts [3 pcs]
- (4) Spring washers [3 pcs](5) Washers [3 pcs]

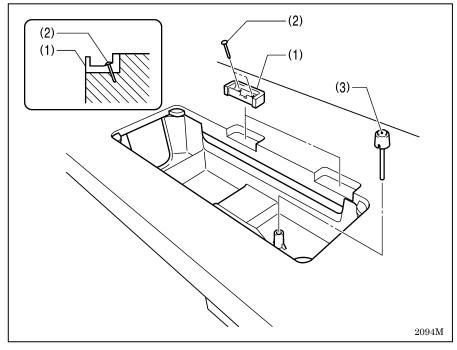
2. Connecting rod

(6) Connecting rod (7) Nut



3. Oil pan

- (1) Head cushions (left) [2 pcs]
- (2) Head cushions (right) [2 pcs]
- (3) Oil pan

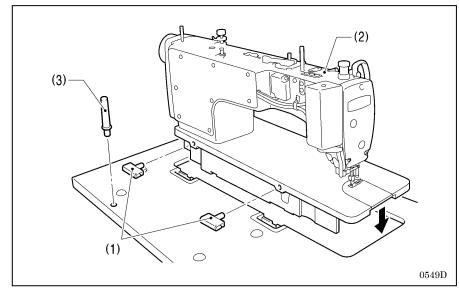


4. Rubber cushions

- (1) Rubber cushions [2 pcs](2) Nails [4 pcs]
 - 2) Nalis (4 p

5. Knee lifter complying bar

(3) Knee lifter complying bar

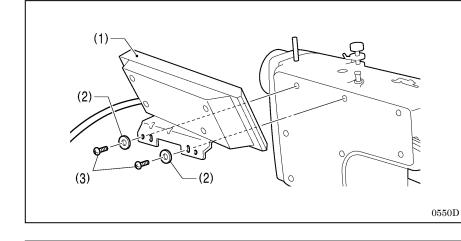


6. Machine head

- (1) Hinges [2 pcs]
- (2) Machine head
- (3) Head rest

NOTE:

Tap the head rest (3) securely into the table hole. If the head rest (3) is not pushed in as far as it will go, the machine head will not be sufficiently stable when it is tilted back.



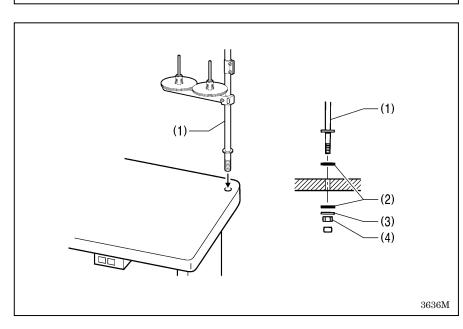
·(1)

7. Operation panel

- (1) Operation panel
- (2) Washers [2 pcs]
- (3) Screws [2 pcs]
 - (Use the washers (2) and the screws (3) which are secured to the side plate.)

8. Sticker (Remove)

(1) Sticker



9. Cotton stand

(1) Cotton stand

NOTE:

0551D

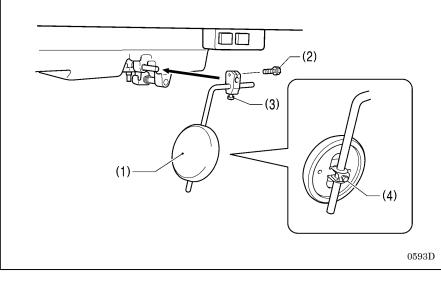
Securely tighten the nut (4) so that the two rubber cushions (2) and the washer (3) are securely clamped and so that the cotton stand (1) does not move.

10. Knee lifter plate

(1) Knee lifter plate

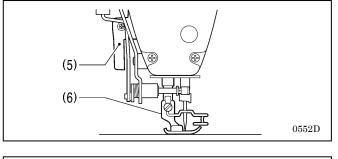
(2) Bolt

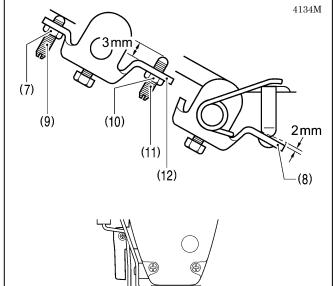
* Loosen the bolt (3) and the bolt (4), and then adjust the position of the knee lifter plate (1) so that it is easy to use.



<Knee lifter adjustment>

- 1. Turn the machine pulley so that the feed dog is below the top of the needle plate.
- 2. Lower the presser foot (6) by using the lifting lever (5).





(6)

3. Loosen the nut (7).

- 4. Turn the screw (9) to adjust so that the amount of play in the knee lifter (8) is approximately 2 mm when the knee lifter plate (1) is gently pressed.
- 5. Securely tighten the nut (7).
- 6. Loosen the nut (10).
- Turn the screw (11) until the distance between the end of the screw (11) and the knee lifter (12) is approximately 3 mm.
- 8. Turn the adjusting screw (11) to adjust so that the presser foot (6) is at the desired position within a distance of 16 mm of the needle plate when the knee liter plate (1) is fully pressed.
- 9. After adjustment is completed, securely tighten the nut (10).

Within 16 mm

0553D

1

2-3. Lubrication

Do not connect the power cord until lubrication has been completed, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

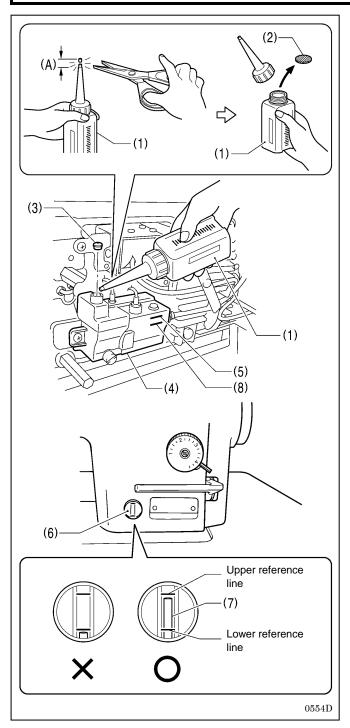
Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

When cutting the nozzle of the oil tank, hold the base of the nozzle securely.

If you hold the end of the nozzle, injury from the scissors may result.



The sewing machine should always be lubricated and the oil supply replenished before it is used for the first time, and also after long periods of non-use.

- 1. Hold the base of the nozzle of the accessory oil tank (1), and use scissors to cut about half-way along the straight section (A) of the nozzle.
- Loosen and remove the nozzle, and then remove the seal (2).
- 3. Tighten the nozzle.
- 4. Tilt back the machine head.
- Remove the rubber cap (3), and pour 120ml of lubricating oil into the oil tank (4).
 (Use the upper reference line (5) as a guide when
- pouring.) 6. Replace the rubber cap (3).

- 7. Return the machine head to its original position.
- 8. Check that the oil gauge (7) comes to the upper reference line in the oil gauge window (6).

<Lubrication oil replenishment interval>

If the oil gauge (7) drops below the lower reference line (or if the oil level drops below the lower reference line (8) on the oil tank (4)), be sure to replenish the oil.

2-4. Connecting the cords



Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the cover of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.





Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.

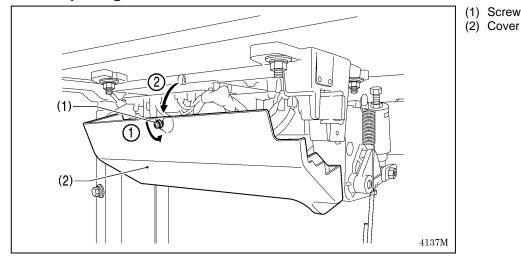
Do not connect the power cord until all cords have been connected.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury. When securing the cords, do not bend the cords excessively or fasten them too hard with staples, otherwise there is the danger that fire or electric shocks could occur.

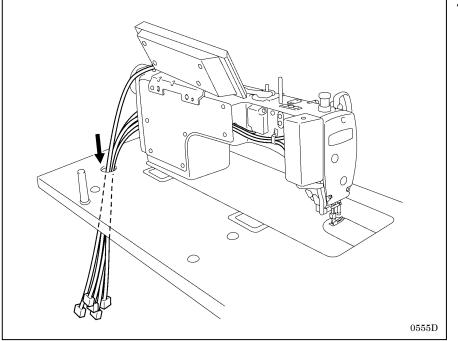
Ð

Be sure to connect the ground. If the ground connection is not secure, you run a high risk of receiving a serious electric shock, and problems with correct operation may also occur.

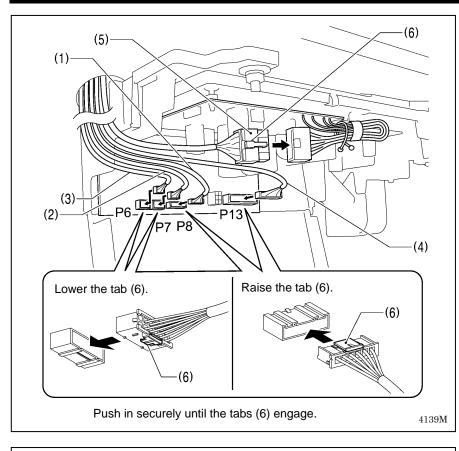
2-4-1. Opening the control box cover

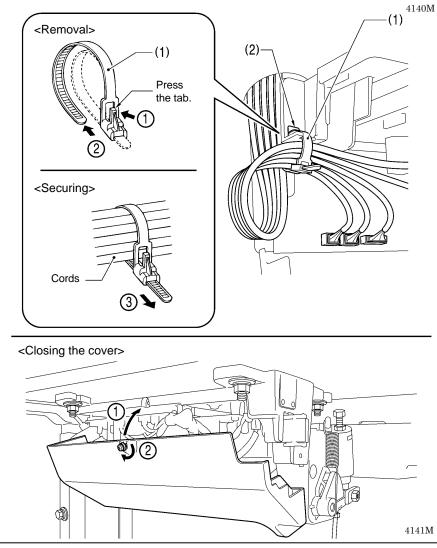


2-4-2. Connecting the cords



1. Sewing machine cords





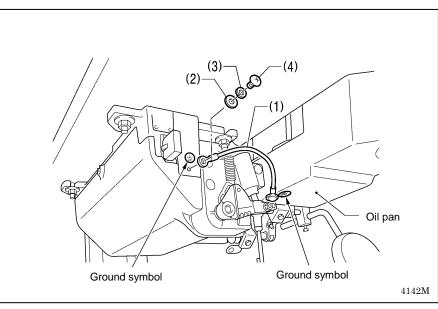
- (1) 6-pin head detector unit connector
- (2) 12-pin operation panel connector
- (3) 10-pin resolver connector
- (4) 14-pin machine connector
- (5) 4-pin motor connector

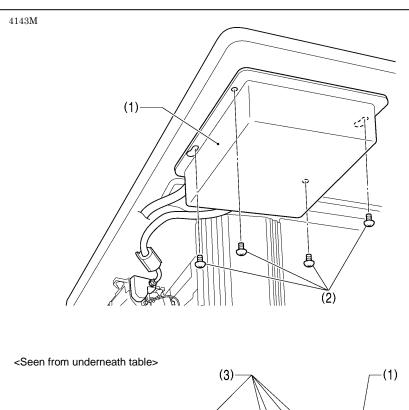
2. Binding the cords

(1) Repeat cable tie

NOTE:

- □ Bind the cords in such a way that the connector does not get pulled out.
- □ All cords that come out from the control box should be secured to the cord holder (2) using the repeat cable tie (1), otherwise vibration from the sewing machine may cause the cords to become disconnected, which can cause problems with the operation of the control box.





3. Ground wire

- (1) Ground wire
- (2) Washer
- (3) Spring washer
- (4) Screw

4. Other cords

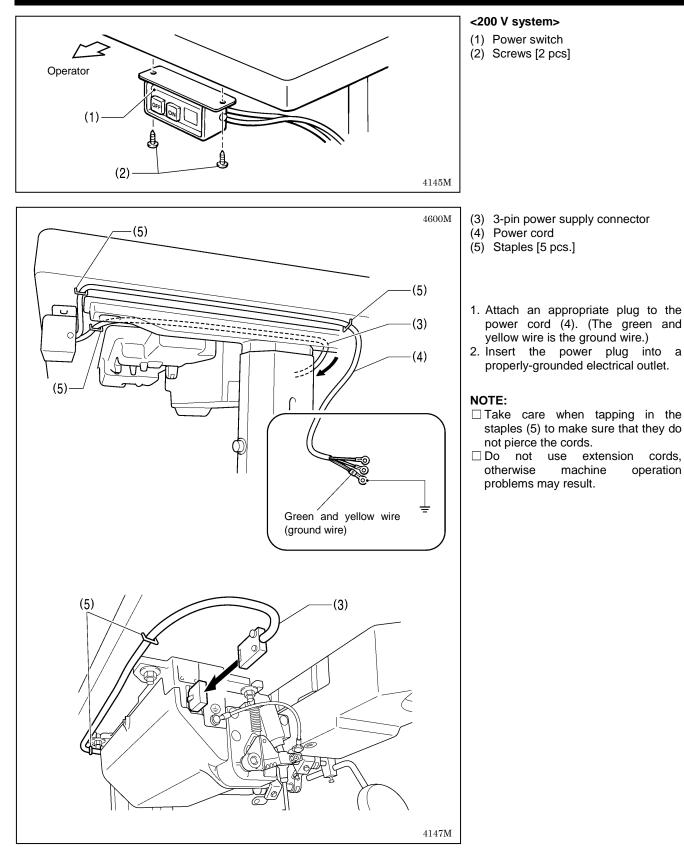
Connect cords that match the voltage specifications.

<Europe specifications>

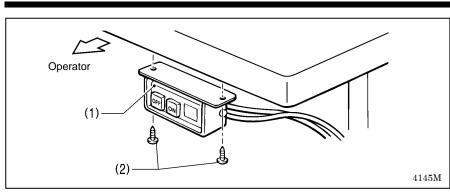
- (1) Filter box
- (2) Screws [4 pcs.]
- (3) Staples [7 pcs.]
- (4) Power cord
- 1. Attach an appropriate plug to the power cord (4). (The green and yellow wire is the ground wire.)
- 2. Insert the power plug into a properly-grounded electrical outlet.

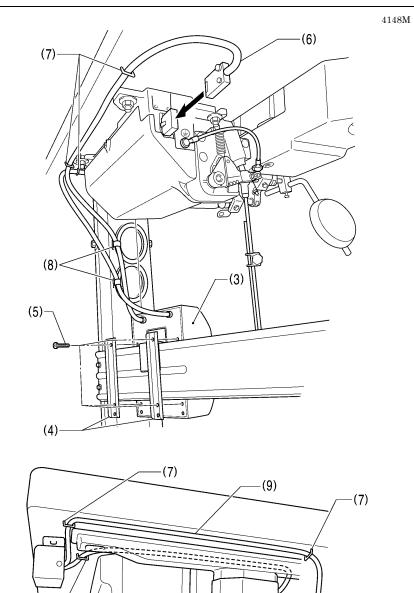
NOTE:

- □ Take care when tapping in the staples (3) to make sure that they do not pierce the cords.
- Do not use extension cords, otherwise machine operation problems may result.



operation





(7)

(3) Transformer box

<100 V/400 V system> (1) Power switch (2) Screws [2 pcs]

- (4) Transformer box plates [2 pcs.]
- (5) Screw [4 pcs (with washer)]
- (6) 3-pin power supply connector
- (7) Staples [6 pcs.]
- (8) Cord clamps [2 pcs.]
- (9) Power cord
- 1. Attach an appropriate plug to the power cord (9). (The green and yellow wire is the ground wire.)
- 2. Insert the power plug into a properly-grounded electrical outlet.

NOTE:

- □ Take care when tapping in the staples (7) to make sure that they do not pierce the cords.
- Do not use extension cords, otherwise machine operation problems may result.



4150M

Green and yellow wire (ground wire)

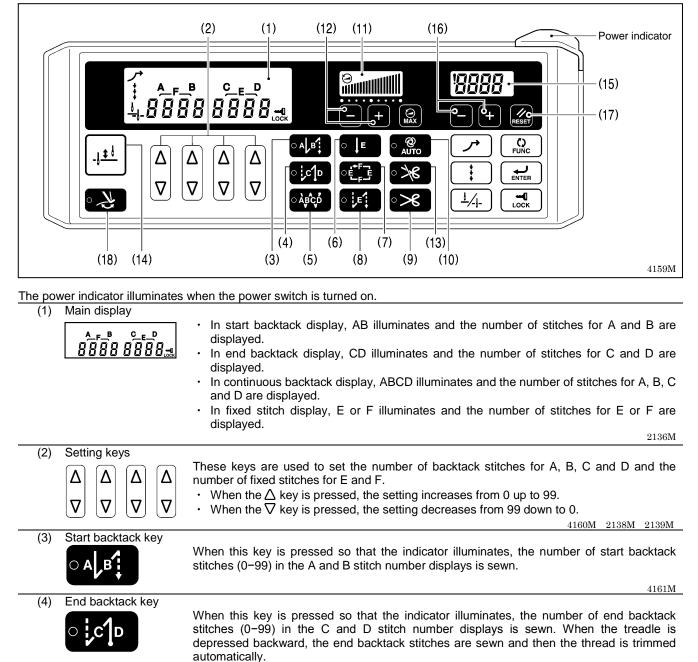
3. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (BASIC OPERATIONS)

3-1. Names and functions

• The operation panel keys cannot be operated while sewing is in progress.

Select the keys and set the number of stitches before starting sewing.

 In the case of keys with indicators, the indicator illuminates when that function is operating, and the indicator switches off when the key is pressed once more.



to ON, the number of stitches can be changed and the function can be set back to OFF.

(5) Continuous backtack key When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of backtack stitches (0-99) in the A, B, C and D stitch number displays is sewn continuously. After the sewing machine sews a full cycle of stitches set by A, B, C and D, the thread is trimmed automatically.

(6) Fixed stitch key

0 E

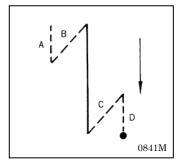
When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of stitches (1-1999) in the E stitch number display is sewn, and then the sewing machine stops automatically.

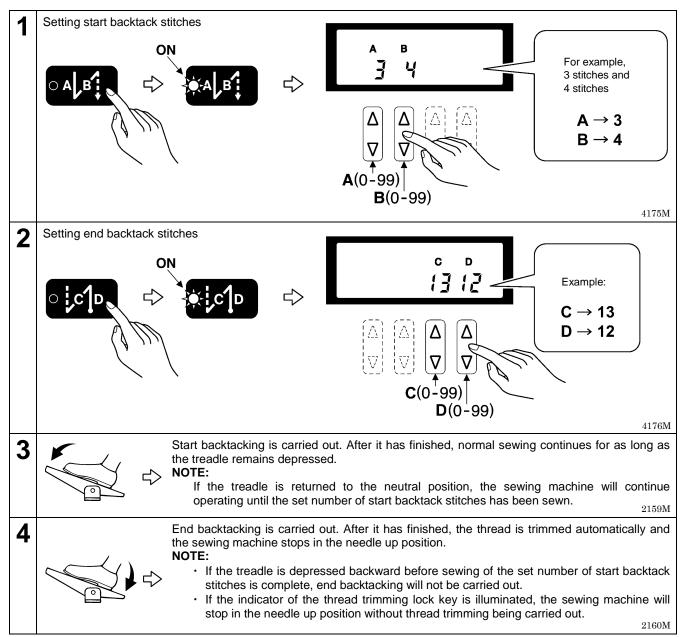
If the treadle has not yet been depressed backward, the end backtack function can be set

4163M

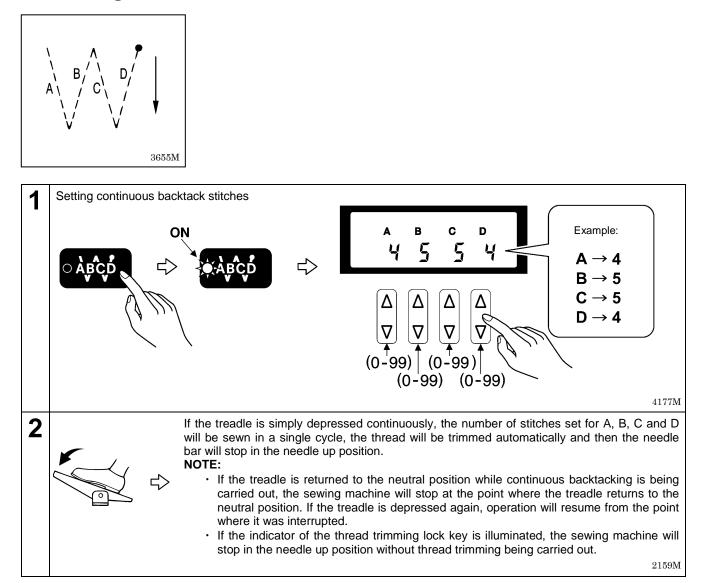
(7)	Name label key	
(1)		When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, fixed stitch sewing of the number of stitches (1-1999) in the E and F stitch number displays is carried out repeatedly.
(0)		4165M
(8)	Pleat presser sewing	When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of backtack stitches (1-1999) in the E stitch number display can be sewn by pressing the actuator switch.
(9)	Thread trimming key	11004
	∘>€	 This can only be set for use together with the fixed stitch key (6) or the name label key (7). When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the set number of stitches
		(start or end backtack stitches or fixed stitches) are sewn, and then the thread is trimmed automatically.
(10)	AUTO key	110111
	O @ AUTO	 This can only be set for use together with the continuous backtack key (5), the fixed stitch key (6) or the name label key (7). When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the set number of stitches (start or end backtack stitches, fixed stitches or thread trimming) are sewn automatically simply by depressing the treadle once.
(11)	Sewing speed contro	
		 This shows the sewing speed when the treadle is depressed to the maximum amount. If all bars are illuminated, it indicates that the maximum speed can be set. If all bars are switched off, it indicates the minimum speed (220 sti/min).
(12)	Sewing speed contro	
		These keys let you adjust the sewing speed that is used when the treadle is depressed to the maximum amount.
		The sewing speed can also be adjusted while sewing is in progress.
		 When the + key is pressed, the sewing speed becomes faster. When the - key is pressed, the sewing speed becomes slower.
		4170M
(13)	Thread trimming lock	
	° ≯8	 When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the sewing machine stops in the needle up position without thread trimming being carried out even if the treadle is depressed backward.
		 If the indicator of the AUTO key (10) is illuminated, the sewing machine stops in the needle up position without thread trimming being carried out after the set number of stitches have been sewn.
		4171M
(14)	Half stitch key	When the sewing machine is stopped, the needle bar can be moved up and down by pressing this key.
		4172M
(15)	Lower thread counter	⁻ display This shows the lower thread counter value.
	8888	The counter is reduced by "1" for every ten stitches sewn.
(16)	Lower thread counter	2154M
(10)		These keys are used to set the initial value for the lower thread counter. (Refer to "3-7. Using the lower thread counter".)
(17)	RESET key	4170M
(17)	RESET Key	This key is used to return the lower thread counter to its initial value and to cancel warning conditions. (Refer to "3-7. Using the lower thread counter".) $4173M$
(18)	Thread wiper key	
	· ~	 When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the thread wiper operates. When the indicator of the thread trimming lock key (13) is illuminated, the thread wiper key (18) is disabled. If you press the thread trimming lock key (13) so that its indicator illuminates while the
		indicator of the thread wiper key (18) is illuminated, the indicator of the thread wiper key (18) will switch off.

3-2. Sewing start and end backtack stitches





3-3. Sewing continuous backtack stitches

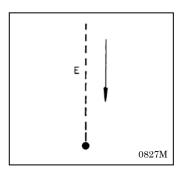


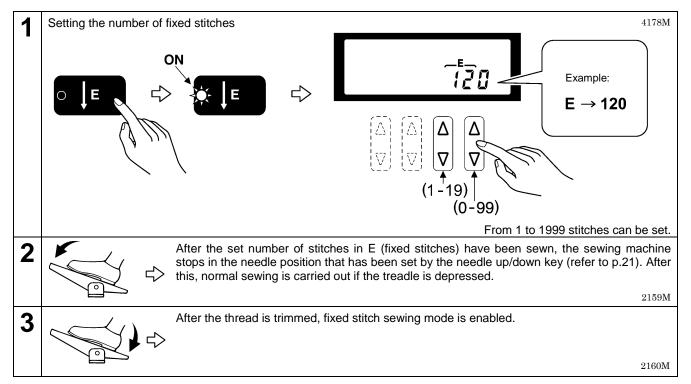
<Automatic sewing>



When the AUTO key is pressed to turn on the automatic sewing function, operation will be carried out automatically from continuous backtack sewing through to thread trimming just by depressing the treadle once, without needing to keep it depressed continuously.

3-4. Sewing fixed stitches





<Automatic thread trimming>



Press the thread trimming key to turn on the thread trimming function. When the treadle is continuously depressed, thread trimming is carried out after the fixed stitches have been sewn.

<Automatic sewing>



When the AUTO key is pressed to turn on the automatic sewing function, the fixed stitches are sewn simply by depressing the treadle once without needing to depress it continuously.

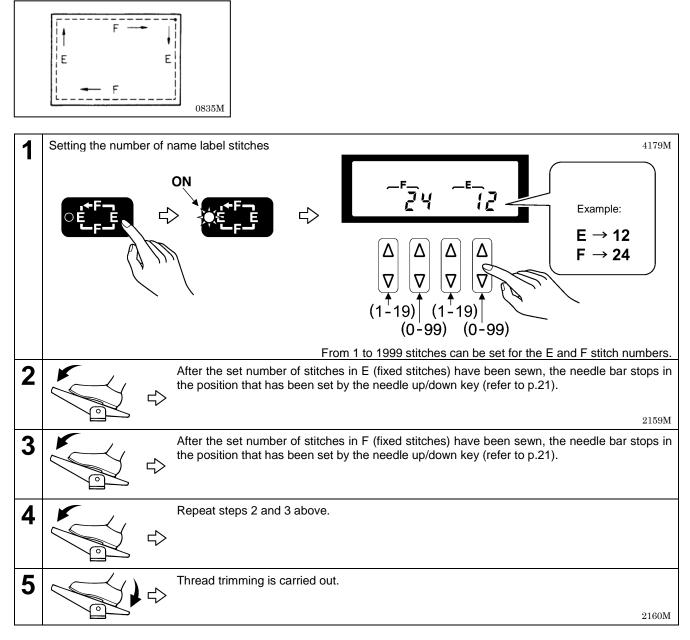
<Start and end backtack sewing>

• The start backtack key and end backtack key can be pressed to turn on the backtack sewing function.



• If changing the number of end backtack stitches in C and D, press the fixed stitch key to temporarily turn off the fixed stitch function before making the change. (The CD display will show the number of stitches and the setting can then be changed.)

3-5. Sewing name labels



<Automatic thread trimming>



Press the thread trimming key to turn on the thread trimming function. Thread trimming is carried out automatically after the second set of F stitches has been sewn.

<Automatic sewing>



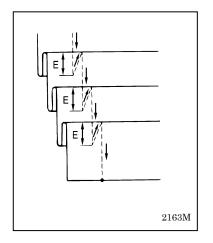
When the AUTO key is pressed to turn on the automatic sewing function, the fixed stitches in E and F are sewn respectively simply by depressing the treadle once without needing to depress it continuously.

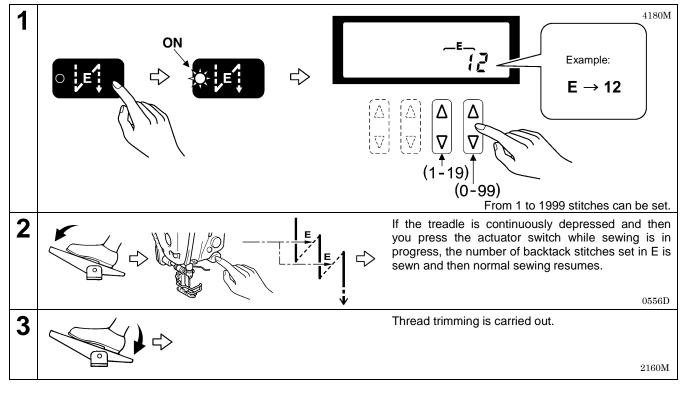
<Start and end backtack sewing>



- The start backtack key and end backtack key can be pressed to turn on the backtack sewing function.
- If changing the number of start and end backtack stitches in A, B, C and D, press the name label stitch key to turn off the name label function before making the change. (The ABCD display will show the number of stitches and the settings can then be changed.)

3-6. Sewing pleat presser stitches





<Automatic sewing and automatic thread trimming>

These functions cannot be used.

<Start and end backtack sewing>

· The start backtack key and end backtack key can be pressed to turn on the backtack sewing function.

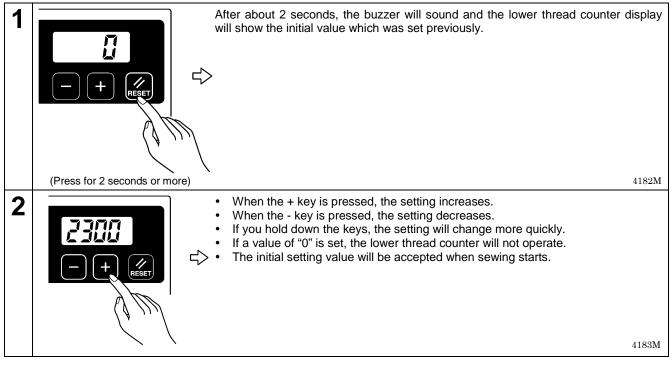


- · If changing the number of end backtack stitches indicated in C and D, press the pleat presser
- sewing key to turn off the pleat presser sewing function before making the change. (The CD display will show the number of stitches and the setting can then be changed.)

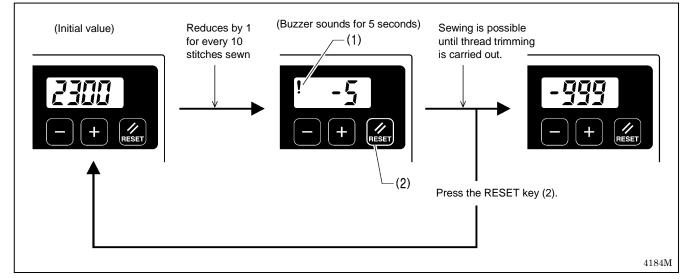
3-7. Using the lower thread counter

- The lower thread counter can be used to let you know approximately how much lower thread is remaining.
- The value displayed by the lower thread counter display is reduced by 1 from the initial setting value each time the sewing machine sews 10 stitches, and a warning is given when the counter goes below"0".

<Initial value setting>



<Lower thread counter operation>

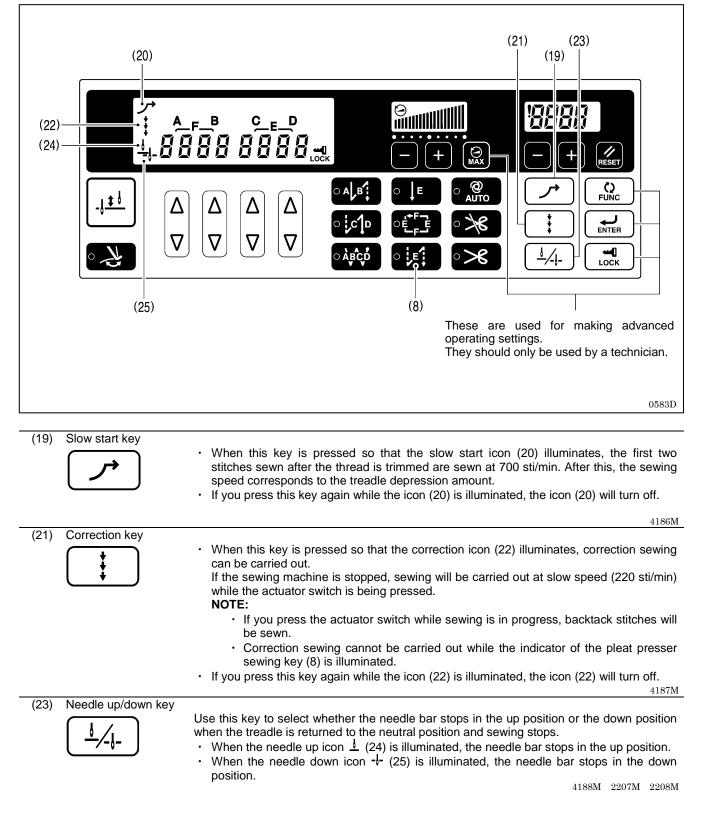


- 1. When sewing is carried out, the value shown in the lower thread counter display is reduced by 1 for every 10 stitches sewn. (When the value goes below zero ("0"), a minus sign appears and counting continues to a maximum of "-999".)
- 2. When the value goes below "0", a warning icon (1) illuminates and an electronic buzzer sounds for 5 seconds.
- 3. Sewing will be possible even after the treadle is returned to the neutral position and the sewing machine stops. However, after the treadle has been depressed backward and thread trimming has been carried out, sewing using the treadle will no longer be possible.
- 4. When the RESET key (2) is pressed, the warning icon (1) will switch off and the display will return to showing the initial values. Sewing using the treadle will then be possible.

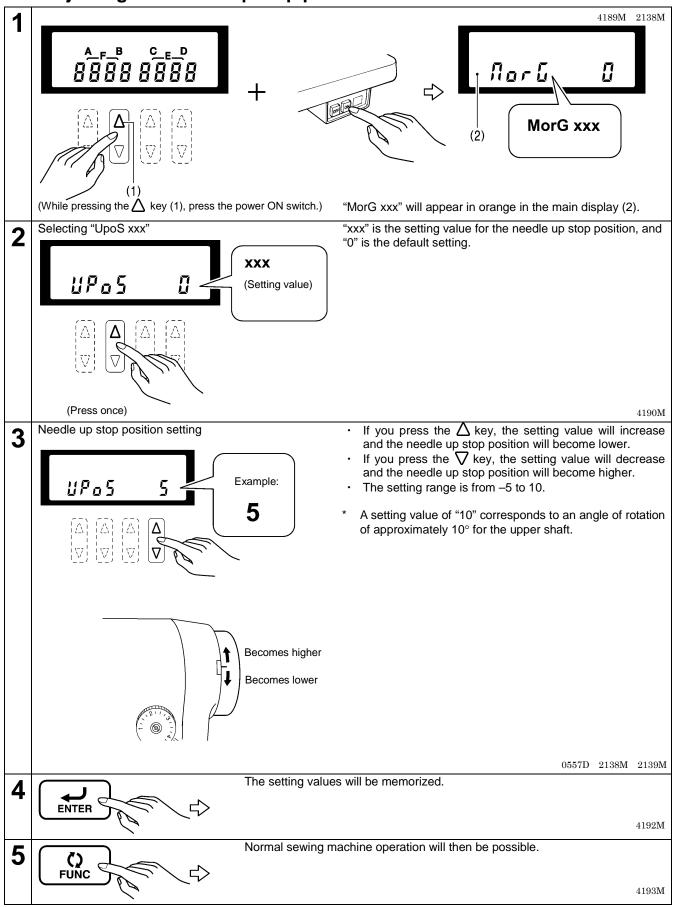
4. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (ADVANCED OPERATIONS)

The operations described in this section should only be carried out by a technician.

4-1. Names and functions

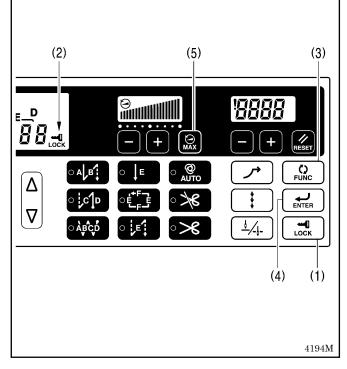


4-2. Adjusting the needle up stop position



* For details on other adjustment items, refer to the Service Manual.

4-3. LOCK key



When the power switch is turned on, the LOCK key (1) turns ON. (The icon (2) is illuminated.)

In this state, the following three key operations are disabled so that the setting values cannot be changed accidentally.

FUNC key (3)

This key is used to make settings for various functions.

ENTER key (4)

This key is used to accept function settings.

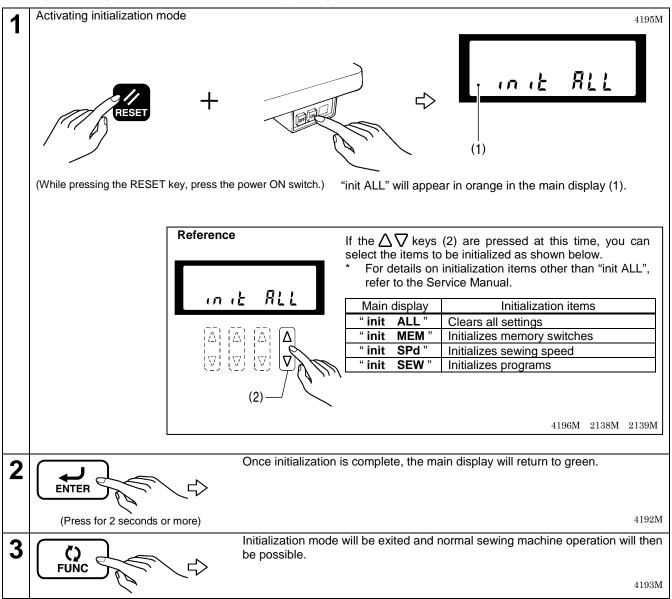
MAX key (5)

This key is used to change the maximum sewing speed.

* Refer to the Service Manual for details on using these keys.

4-4. Resetting all settings to their defaults

If the sewing machine stops operating normally, the cause may be that an incorrect setting may have been made for the memory data by means of memory switches, for instance. In such cases, it may be possible to restore normal operation by following the steps given below to initialize the memory setting data.



5. SEWING

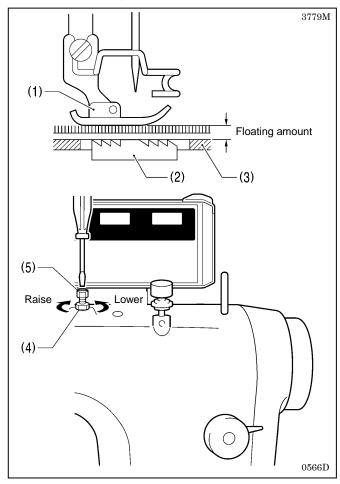
Turn off the power switch before carrying out this operation.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

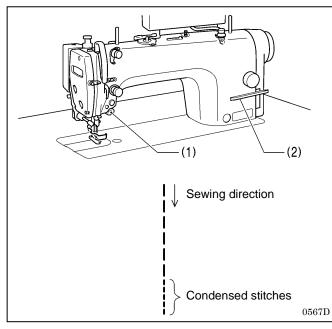
5-1. Adjusting the presser foot floating amount (minute lifting amount)

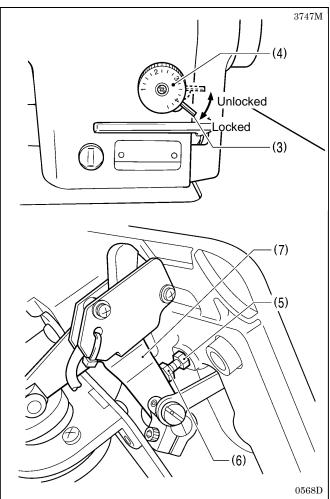


When sewing stretch materials and materials with long pile, you can make minute adjustments to the floating amount for the presser foot (1) in accordance with the material.

- 1. Turn the sewing machine pulley by hand to move the feed dog (2) below the needle plate (3).
- 2. Use the lifting lever to lower the presser foot (1).
- 3. Loosen the nut (4).
- 4. Use a screwdriver to turn the adjustment screw (5) to adjust the floating amount.
 - To raise the presser foot (1) ... Turn the adjusting screw (5) clockwise.
 - To lower the presser foot (1) ... Turn the adjusting screw (5) counterclockwise.
- 5. Tighten the nut (4).
- * After making the adjustment, sew a piece of material to check the floating amount.

5-2. Sewing condensed stitches





- If you press the actuator switch (1) or the reverse lever (2) while sewing is in progress, you can sew stitches (forward direction) with small stitch lengths.
- Before carrying out sewing, set the stitch length for condensed stitches as follows.

<Setting>

- 1. Lift up the dial lock lever (3) to release the lock.
- 2. Turn the stitch length dial (4) to the stitch length to be used for condensed stitches.
- 3. Tilt back the machine head.
- 4. Loosen the nut (5) and then turn the bolt (6) until its head is touching the solenoid lever (7).
- 5. Tighten the nut (5) to secure the bolt (6).
- 6. Return the machine head to its normal position.

<Sewing>

- 1. Return the stitch length dial (4) to the stitch length for normal sewing.
- 2. Push down the dial lock lever (3) to engage the lock.
- 3. Start sewing.
- 4. At the position where you would like to start sewing condensed stitches, press the actuator switch (1) or the reverse lever (2).

(Condensed stitches are sewn while the actuator (1) or reverse lever (2) is being pressed.)

To stop sewing condensed stitches, tighten the bolt (6) so that its head is not touching the solenoid lever (7).

6. CLEANING



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.



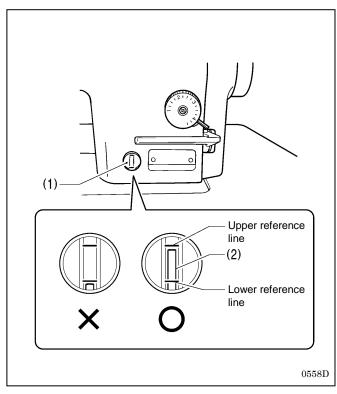
Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

6-1. Daily cleaning procedures

The followinig cleaning operations should be carried out each day in order to maintain the perfomance of this machine and to ensure a long service life.

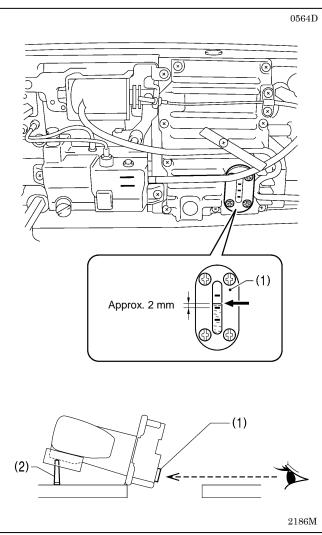
Furthermore, if the sewing machine has not been used for a long period of time, carry out the following cleaning procedures before using it again.

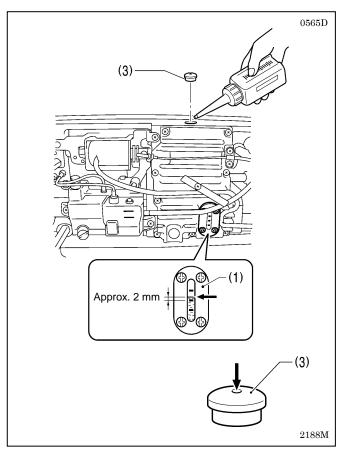


1. Lubrication

A. Oil tank oil quantity

Check the oil gauge window (1), and add more oil if the oil gauge (2) is below the lower reference line. (Refer to page 7.)





B. Gearbox oil quantity

NOTE:

- Check the quantity of oil in the gearbox immediately after tilting back the machine head. When the machine head is left for long periods in the
- tilted-back position, the amount of oil in the felt inside the gearbox drops and the oil level seen from the oil window (1) rises, so that it becomes impossible to measure the actual oil level accurately.
- The position of the oil level in the oil window (1) will vary depending on the angle of the machine head. Tilt back the machine head while the head rest (2) is installed in the correct position as shown in the table processing diagram on page 3 (refer to page 4).

<Checking the oil quantity>

The oil level should normally be approximately 2 mm above the center reference line in the oil window (1). (70 ml of lubricating oil is added to the gearbox at the time of shipment from the factory.)

- 1. Look at the oil window (1) from directly in front.
- 2. If the oil level is below the normal level, add more lubricating oil as described in the following procedure.

<Lubrication>

- 1. Remove the rubber cap (3).
- Add lubricating oil until the oil level is approximately 2 mm above the center reference line in the oil window (1). Do not pour all of the lubricating oil in at once at this time. Pour the lubricating oil 10 ml at a time while checking the oil window (1). NOTE:

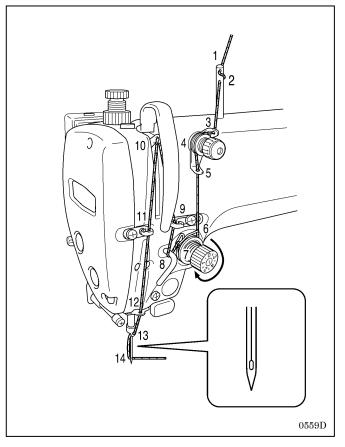
Do not pour too much lubricating oil into the specified location.

- If too much oil is added, oil leaks may result.
- 3. Insert the rubber cap (3) securely.
- 4. Return the machine head to its original position.

NOTE:

The rubber cap (3) has a hole in it for adjusting the air pressure.

When replacing the rubber cap (3) use only the replacement part specified by Brother.

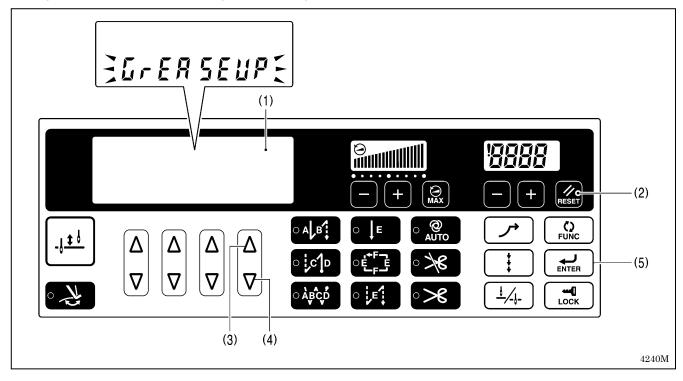


2. Checking

- Replace the needle if it is bent or if the tip is broken.
 Check that the upper threads have been threaded correctly.
 Carry out a test sewing.

6-2. Applying grease (When "GrEASEUP" appears...)

If "GrEASEUP" flashes on the main display (1) and a buzzer sounds when the power switch is turned on, it means that grease needs to be applied. (The sewing machine will not operate at this time, even if the treadle is depressed.) Apply grease as required, while referring to the following for details.



<To continue sewing without applying grease>

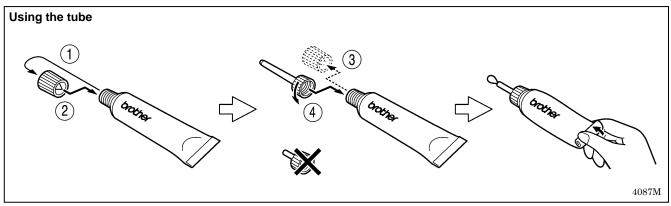
- 1. Press the RESET key (2).
- 2. The main display (1) will change to stitch number display mode, and sewing will be possible when the treadle is depressed.

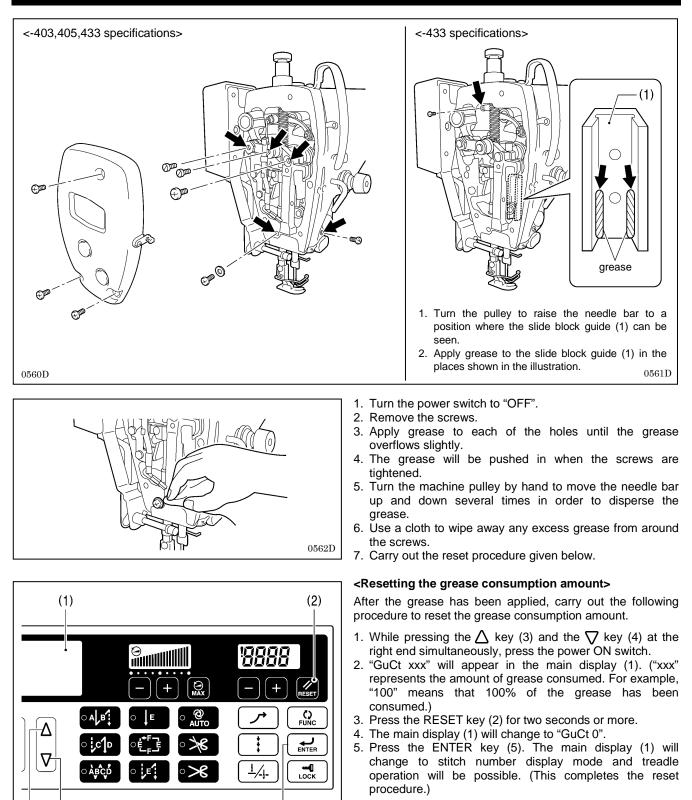
NOTE

- If you do not apply grease when the "GrEASEUP" notification flashes, the notification will continue to flash each time the power is turned on until you reset the notification by carrying out the procedure on the following page.
- If you continue to use the sewing machine after the "GrEASEUP" notification appears without applying grease (or without carrying out the reset procedure), "E100" will appear after a certain period of time and the sewing machine will be forcibly prevented from operating for safety reasons.
 - If this happens, apply grease and carry out the reset procedure.
 - * If you continue to use the sewing machine after carrying out the reset procedure but without applying grease, problems with the sewing machine may result.

<Applying grease>

Use Brother-specified "Grease unit (SA8837-001)".





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(5)

0584D

(3)

(4)

7. REPLACING THE FIXED KNIFE AND MOVABLE KNIFE



Replacement of parts should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet before replacing any parts, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is pressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



D

Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.



(2)

(1)

(4)

(3)

0569D

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine

head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

When replacing parts and installing optional accessories, be sure to use only genuine Brother parts.

Brother will not be held responsible for any accidents or problems resulting from the use of non-genuine parts.



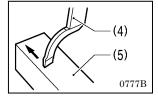
- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Remove the screw (1), and then remove the hook stopper (2).
- 3. Remove the screw (3), and then remove the fixed knife (4).

NOTE:

Carry out the above steps in reverse to install the fixed knife (4).

Sharpening the fixed knife

If the cutting performance deteriorates, sharpen the fixed knife (4) on a whetstone (5) as shown in the illustration.

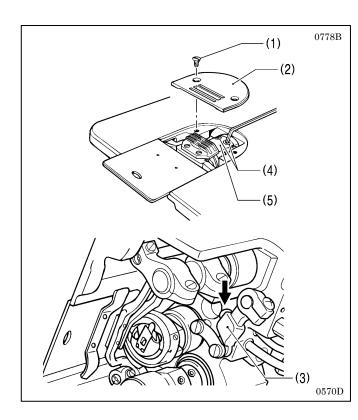


<Movable knife>

- 1. Remove the needle.
- 2. Lift up the presser foot using the lifting lever.
- 3. Remove the two screws (1), and then remove the needle plate (2).
- 4. Turn the machine pulley to raise the needle bar to its highest position.
- 5. Tilt back the machine head.
- 6. Push the thread trimmer lever (3) by hand in the direction of the arrow until the two screws (4) can be seen.
- 7. Remove the two screws (4), and then remove the movable knife (5).

NOTE:

Carry out the above steps in reverse to install the movable knife (5).



8. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS



Maintenance and inspection of the sewing machine should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Ask your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician to carry out any maintenance and inspection of the electrical system.

If any safety devices have been removed, be absolutely sure to re-install them to their original positions and check that they operate correctly before using the machine.



Secure the table so that it will not move when tilting back the machine head. If the table moves, it may crush your feet or cause other injuries.

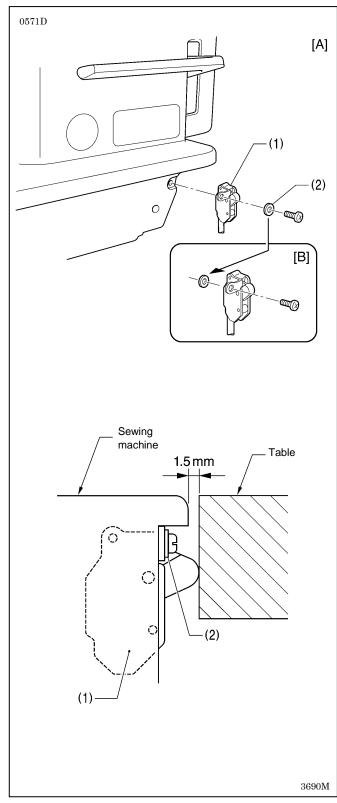
Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught. Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet at the following times, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When carrying out inspection, adjustment and maintenance
- When replacing consumable parts such as the rotary hook and knife



If the power switch needs to be left on when carrying out some adjustment, be extremely careful to observe all safety precautions.

8-1. Adjusting the safety switch position



The safety switch (1) is normally installed as shown in figure [A].

However, if the processing method used for the table leaves too much space between the machine head and the table hole, it may adversely affect the operation of the safety switch (1).

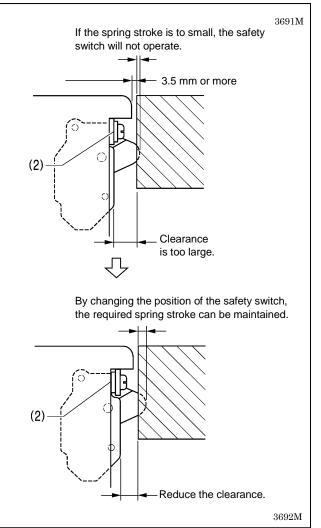
<Adjustment method>

The standard amount of clearance between the machine head and the table hole is 1.5 mm.

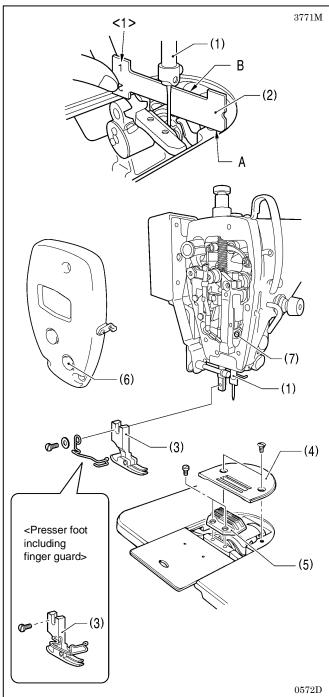
If the clearance is 3.5 mm or more, install the safety switch (1) so that the washer (2) is on the machine head side as shown in Figure [B].

* If the position cannot be satisfactorily adjusted in this way, add more washers of the same thickness.

<Safety switch operation>



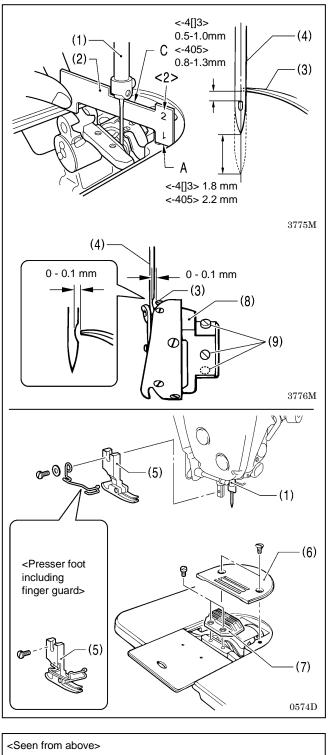
8-2. Adjusting the needle bar height

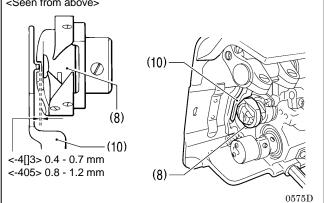


Adjust so that the distance from needle plate mounting surface A to the bottom edge of the needle bar (1) is the same as the height of surface B on the <1> side of the accessory timing gauge (2) when the needle bar (1) is at its lowest position as shown in the illustration.

- 1. Remove the presser foot (3), the needle plate (4) and the feed dog (5).
- 2. Turn the machine pulley to set the needle bar (1) to its lowest position.
- 3. Remove the rubber cap (6) from the face plate.
- 4. Loosen the screw (7).
- Move the needle bar (1) up or down to adjust so that the distance from needle plate mounting surface A to the bottom edge of the needle bar (1) is the same as the height of surface B on the <1> side of the accessory timing gauge (2).
- 6. Securely tighten the screw (7).
- 7. Install the rubber cap (6).
- 8. Install the feed dog (5), the needle plate (4) and the presser foot (3).

8-3. Adjusting the needle and rotary hook timing





When the machine pulley is turned forward to raise the needle bar (1) 1.8 mm (2.2 mm for -405 specifications) from its lowest position, the rotary hook tip (3) should be aligned with the center of the needle (4) as shown in the illustration when the distance from needle plate mounting surface A to the bottom edge of the needle bar (1) is the same as the height of surface C on the <2> side of the accessory timing gauge (2).

(At this time, the gap between the upper edge of the needle hole and the rotary hook tip (3) will be 0.5 - 1.0 mm(0.8 - 1.3 mm for -405 specifications).)

- 1. Remove the presser foot (5), needle plate (6) and feed dog (7).
- 2. Set the stitch length dial as follows.

<-4[]3>... Stitch length dial 0 setting. <-405>... Stitch length dial 3 setting.

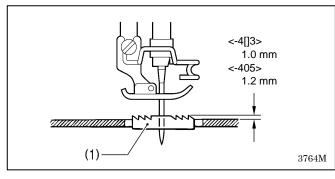
- 3. Loosen two of the three set screws (9) which are securing the rotary hook (8).
- 4. Turn the machine pulley to raise the needle bar (1) from its lowest position until the distance from needle plate mounting surface A to the bottom edge of the needle bar (1) is the same as the height of surface C on the <2> side of the accessory timing gauge (2).
- 5. Loosen the remaining set screw (9) and align the rotary hook tip (3) with the center of the needle (4). There should be a gap of 0 0.1 mm between the rotary hook tip (3) and the needle (4) at this time.
- 6. Securely tighten the three set screws (9).
- Install the feed dog (7), needle plate (6) and presser foot (5).

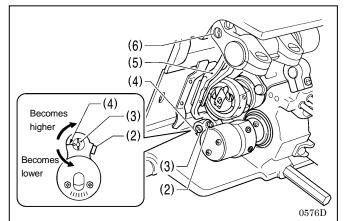
<Clearance between rotary hook and hook stopper>

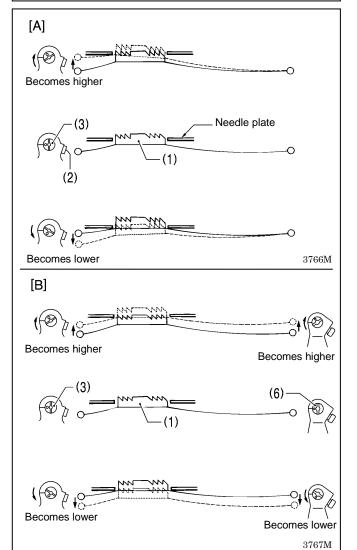
Check that the thread being used passes smoothly through the clearance between the rotary hook (8) and the hook stopper (10).

The clearance is 0.4 to 0.7 mm for -4[]3 specifications, and 0.8 to 1.2 mm for -405 specifications.

8-4. Adjusting of the feed dog height





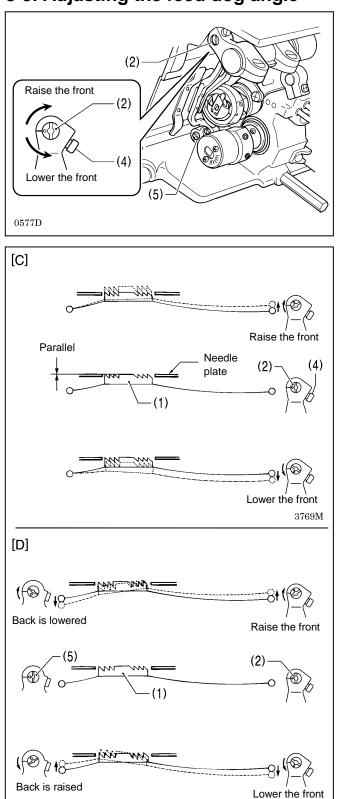


The standard height of the feed dog (1) when it is at its maximum height above the top of the needle plate is 1.0 mm for -4[]3 specifications, and 1.2 mm for -405 specifications.

- 1. Turn the pulley until the feed dog (1) rises to the highest position.
- 2. Tilt back the machine head.
- 3. Loosen the screw (2).
- 4. Turn the feed lifting rock bracket stud (3) within a range of 90° from the reference line (4) to adjust the vertical height of the feed bar (5). (Fig. [A])
- 5. Tighten the screw (2).
- f If you are worried about the angle of the feed dog (1), turn the shaft (6) while carrying out the above adjustment. (Fig. [B])

(Refer to "8-5. Adjusting the feed dog angle" on the next page for details of this operation.)

8-5. Adjusting the feed dog angle

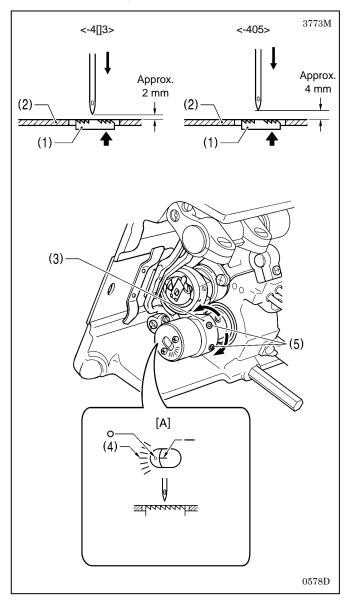


The standard angle is for the feed dog (1) to be parallel to the needle plate when the machine pulley is turned forward to raise the feed dog (1) from its lowest position until it is flush with the top of the needle plate.

- 1. Turn the machine pulley forward to raise the feed dog (1) from its lowest position until it is flush with the top of the needle plate, and stop turning the pulley at that point.
- 2. Tilt back the machine head.
- 3. Loosen the two set screws (4).
- 4. Turn the shaft (2) in the direction of the arrow within a range of 90° with respect to the standard position. (Fig. [C])
 - In order to prevent puckering, lower the front of the feed dog (1).
 - In order to prevent the material from slipping, raise the front of the feed dog (1).
- 5. Securely tighten the set screws (4).
- * If you would like to tilt the feed dog (1) further, turn the feed lifting rock bracket stud (5) while carrying out the above adjustment. (Fig. [D])
 - (Refer to "8-4. Adjusting the feed dog height" on the previous page for details of this operation.)
- * The height of the feed dog (1) will change after the angle has been adjusted, so it will be necessary to re-adjust the height of the feed dog (1).

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8-6. Adjusting the needle and feed mechanism timing



The standard timing is for the tip of the needle to be in the position given below when the machine pulley is turned forward to raise the feed dog (1) from its lowest position until it is flush with the top of the needle plate (2).

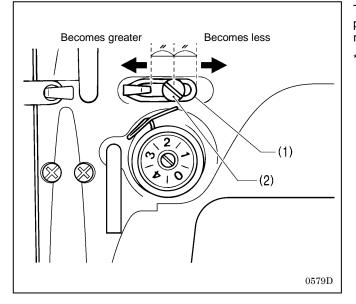
(At this time, the "-" mark on the lower shaft will be aligned with the center of the scale (4) ("O" mark) on the vertical cam (3).)

- <-4[]3>... There is a gap of approximately 2 mm between the tip of the needle and the top of the needle plate (2).
- <-405>... There is a gap of approximately 4 mm between the tip of the needle and the top of the needle plate (2).
- 1. Set the stitch length dial to the maximum setting.
- 2. Tilt back the machine head.
- 3. Loosen the two set screws (5), and then turn the vertical cam (3) sligtly to adjust the timing.
 - NOTE: Use the standard needle and feed mechanism timing.

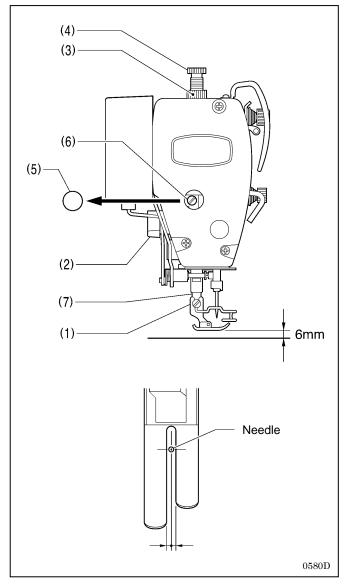
If the timing is changed, broken needles may occur.

4. After adjustment is completed, securely tighten the two screws (5).

8-7. Adjusting arm thread guide R



8-8. Adjusting the presser foot height



The standard position of arm thread guide R (1) is the position where the screw (2) is in the center of the adjustable range for arm thread guide R (1).

- To adjust the position, loosen the screw (2) and then move arm thread guide R (1).
 - When sewing thick material, move arm thread guide R (1) to the left. (The thread take-up amount will become greater.)
 - When sewing thin material, move arm thread guide R (1) to the right. (The thread take-up amount will become less.)

The standard height of the presser foot (1) is 6 mm when the presser foot (1) is raised by means of the lifting lever (2).

- 1. Loosen the nut (3) of the adjustment screw (4), and then turn the adjustment screw (4) so that there is no pressure applied to the presser foot.
- 2. Raise the lifting lever (2). The presser foot (1) will also rise.
- 3. Remove the oil cap (5).
- 4. Loosen the bolt (6) and then move the presser bar (7) up or down until the presser foot (1) is at the standard height of 6 mm.
- 5. Tighten the bolt (6).
- 6. Replace the oil cap (5).
- 7. Adjust the presser foot pressure using the adjustment screw (4), and then tighten the nut (3).

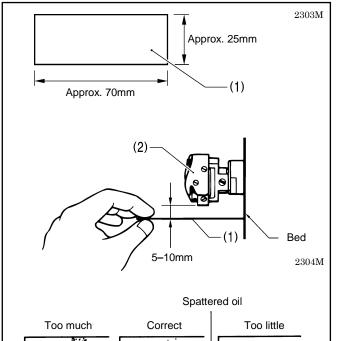
NOTE:

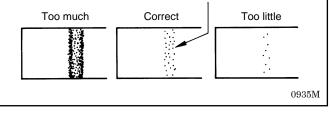
After adjusting, check that the needle moves down into the center of the groove in the presser foot.

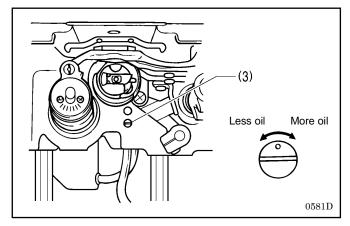
8-9. Adjusting the rotary hook lubrication amount

Be careful not to touch your fingers or the lubrication amount check sheet against moving parts such as the rotary hook or the feed mechanism when checking the amount of oil supplied to the rotary hook, otherwise injury may result.

Use the following procedure to check the amount of oil being supplied to the rotary hook when replacing the rotary hook or when changing the sewing speed.







<Checking the lubrication amount>

- 1. Remove the thread from all points from the thread take-up to the needle.
- 2. Use the lifting lever to lift the presser foot.
- Run the machine at the normal sewing speed for approximately 1 minute without sewing any material (following the same start/stop pattern as when actually sewing).
- 4. Place the lubrication amount check sheet (1) underneath the rotary hook (2) and hold it there. Then run the sewing machine at the normal sewing speed for 8 seconds. (Any type of paper can be used as the lubrication amount check sheet (1).)
- 5. Check the amount of oil which has spattered onto the sheet.

If adjustment is necessary, carry out the following operations in <Adjusting the lubrication amount>.

NOTE:

If the lubrication amount does not match the correct amount shown in the illustration at left (if the amount of spattered oil is too much or none at all), turn the adjusting screw (3) clockwise to fully tighten it, turn it back counterclockwise by 2 1/2 turns, and then carry out the following adjustment.

<Adjusting the lubrication amount>

- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Turn the adjusting screw (3) to adjust the lubrication amount.
 - If the rotary hook adjusting screw (3) is turned clockwise, the lubrication amount becomes greater.
 - If the rotary hook adjusting screw (3) is turned counterclockwise, the lubrication amount becomes smaller.
- Check the lubrication amount again according to the procedure given in <Checking the lubrication amount> above.
 - * Turn the adjusting screw (3) and check the lubrication amount repeatedly until the lubrication amount is correct.
- 4. Check the lubrication amount again after the sewing machine has been used for approximately two hours.

9. TROUBLESHOOTING

- Please check the following points before calling for repairs or service.
- If the following remedies do not fix the problem, turn off the power switch and consult a qualified technician or the place of purchase.

Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.

Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord before carrying out troubleshooting. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

9-1. Sewing

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Items with a "*" in the "Page" column should only be checked by a qualified technician.

Problem		Problem Possible cause		
1	Upper thread is not tight.	 Is the upper thread tension too weak, or is the lower thread tension too strong? Adjust the upper thread tension or lower thread tension. 		
2	Lower thread is not tight.	 Is the lower thread tension too weak, or is the upper thread tension too strong? Adjust the lower thread tension or upper thread tension. 		
3	Loops appear in seam.	 Is the thread path not smooth enough? Use a file with a fine grain or sandpaper to polish smooth the thread path. Is the bobbin not turning smoothly? Pull out the lower thread to check that there is no slackness in the thread tension, or replace the bobbin or bobbin case. 		
4	Skipped stitches occur while sewing	 Is the needle tip bent? Is the needle tip blunt? If the needle tip is bent or broken, replace the needle. Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly. Is the machine properly threaded? If it is incorrect, thread the thread correctly. Is the presser foot pressure too weak? Adjust the presser foot pressure. Is the needle too thin? Replace the needle with a needle that is one rank thicker. 	29	
	0470M	 Is the presser foot too high? Adjust the height of the presser foot. Is the thread take-up spring too weak? Adjust the tension of the thread take-up spring. Is the needle and rotary hook timing correct? Adjust the height of the needle bar. Adjust the clearance between the needle and the tip of the rotary hook. 	40* * 35* 36*	

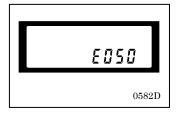
Problem		Possible cause	Page
5	Skipped stitches at sewing start	 Is the thread take-up spring tension too strong? Reduce the tension of the thread take-up spring. 	*
	Thread unravelling at sewing start	 Is the thread take-up spring operating range too large? Lower the position of the thread take-up spring. 	*
		 Are the trailing lengths of the upper threads too short after thread trimming? Adjust the pretension. 	
	· · · · · ·	 Are the threads not being trimmed cleanly? Sharpen the fixed knives, or replace the fixed and movable knives if necessary. 	32*
		 Is the needle too wide? Try using a needle with a count that is one lower than the current needle. 	
		 Is the length of thread trailing out from the bobbin case after thread trimming too short. If the bobbin is spinning loosely, replace the anti-spin spring in the bobbin case. 	
		 Is the sewing speed too fast at the sewing start? Use the slow start feature. 	21*
	0749M	 Is the needle up stop position too high? Adjust the needle up stop position. 	22*
6	Uneven seam	Is the presser foot pressure too weak? Adjust the presser foot pressure.	
		 Is the feed dog too low? Adjust the feed dog height. 	*
		 Is the bobbin scratched? If the bobbin is damaged, smooth it with an oiled grindstone or replace it. 	
	0473M		
7	Large degree of puckering (excess tension)	 Is the upper thread tension too strong? Make the upper thread tension as weak as possible. 	
	\sim	 Is the lower thread tension too strong? Make the lower thread tension as weak as possible. 	
		 Is the needle tip blunt? Replace the needle if it is blunt. 	
		 Is the needle too thick? Replace with as thin a needle as possible. 	
		 Are the thread take-up spring tensions too strong? Make the thread take-up spring tension as weak as possible. 	*
		 Is the thread take-up spring operating range too large? Lower the position of the thread take-up spring to as low a position as possible. 	*
		 Is the presser foot pressure too strong? Adjust the presser foot pressure. 	
		 Is the sewing speed too fast? Use the sewing speed control keys to gradually reduce the sewing speed. 	14
	0978M	 Is the angle of the feed dog correct? Tilt the front of the feed dog down slightly. 	38*

Problem		oblem Possible cause		
8	Lower thread is tangled at the sewing start. Spinning of bobbin during thread trimming	 Is the bobbin spinning direction correct when the lower thread is being pulled? Set the bobbin so that it turns in the opposite direction to the rotary hook. Is there too much thread wound onto the bobbin? The bobbin winding amount should not be more that 80 %. Is the anti-spin spring attached? Attach the anti-spin spring. Is the bobbin turning smoothly? If the bobbin is not turning smoothly, replace the bobbin. Is a bobbin other that the light-alloy bobbins specified by Brother being used? Use only bobbins which are specified by Brother. 		
	0751M	. In the meaning benchmark the meaning the backward		
9	Upper and lower threads are breaking.	 Is the needle bent or is the needle tip broken? Replace the needle if it is bent or broken. Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly. 		
		 Is the machine properly threaded? If it is incorrect, thread the thread correctly. 	29	
		 Is the rotary hook sufficiently lubricated? If the oil gauge is down to the lower reference line in the oil gauge window, add more oil. Is the upper or lower thread tension too weak or too strong? 	7	
		Adjust the upper thread or lower thread tension.		
		 Is the upper thread may be loose because the thread take-up spring operating range is too small? Adjust the position of the thread take-up spring. 	*	
		 Is the rotary hook, feed dog or other part damaged? If they are damaged, smooth them with an oiled grindstone or replace the damaged parts. 	*	
	0471M	 Is the thread path damaged? If the thread path is damaged, smooth it with sandpaper or replace the damaged part. 	*	
10	Incorrect thread trimming (Upper and lower threads are both not being trimmed)	 Is the fixed knife or movable knife damaged or worn? Replace the fixed knife or the movable knife. 	32*	
11	Incorrect thread trimming (Upper thread or lower thread is not being trimmed)	 Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly. Is the fixed knife or movable knife blunt? Replace the fixed knife or the movable knife. 	32*	

	Problem	Possible cause	Page
12	Broken needles	 Is the material being pushed or pulled with excessive force during sewing? Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly. Is the needle bent, is the needle tip broken, or is the needle hole blocked? Replace the needle. Is the needle and rotary hook timing correct? Adjust the height of the needle bar. Adjust the clearance between the needle and the tip of the rotary hook. Is the needle and feed mechanism timing correct? Adjust to the standard timing. Caution It is extremely dangerous to leave any pieces of broken needle sticking in the material. If the needle breaks, search for all pieces until the whole of the needle is found again. Furthermore, we recommend that through steps be taken to account for such needles to comply with product liability regulations. 	35* 36* 39*
13	Oil gauge (1) is not visible in oil gauge window.	 Is the oil tank empty? Fill the oil tank with oil. 	7
14	Machine does not operate when power is turned on and treadle is pressed.	 Is the power supply connector disconnected from the control box? Insert the connector securely. 	11,12
15	Machine does not operate at high speed.	 Is the sewing speed setting or backtack speed setting incorrect? Use the sewing speed control keys to set the high speed. 	14
16	Machine stops during sewing.	 Is the fixed stitch key turned on? Press the fixed stitch key so that the indicator turns off. Is the power supply voltage too low? Check the power supply. (If the power cord is too long or too many appliances are being run from a single outlet, this may cause voltage drops which will in turn cause the reset function to activate and stop the machine, even if the power supply itself is normal.) 	17 *

	Problem	Possible cause	Page
17	Nothing appears on the operation panel display.	 Is the power supply connector disconnected from the control box? Insert the connector securely. 	11,12
		 Is the operation panel connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely. P7 4264M 	9*
18	"GrEASEUP" flashes in the panel display when the power switch is turned on.	 This display is to notify you that it is time to apply grease. Apply grease. 	30*

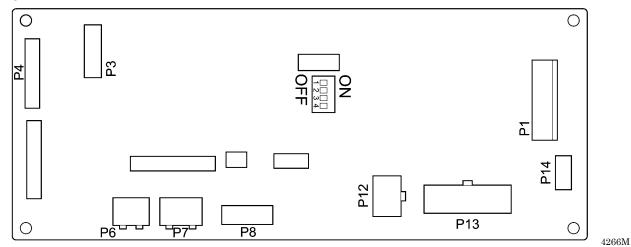
9-2. Error code displays



If an error code appears on the operation panel display

- 1. Make a note of the error code and then turn off the power.
- 2. After the operation panel display has turned off, eliminate the cause of the error and then turn the power back on.
- Items with a "*" in the "Page" column should only be checked by a qualified technician.
 For items with "**" appearing in the "Page" column, ask the place of purchase for advice.

< Connector and DIP switch layout diagram > Main PCB



Error code	Possible cause	Page
E050	 The machine head was detected as being tilted back when the treadle was depressed. Press the power OFF switch and then return the machine head to the upright position. (If tilting back the machine head to carry out any tasks, press the power OFF switch first.) 	
E051	 The machine head was detected as being tilted back during sewing. Turn the power off and then back on again. 	
E055	 Was the power ON switch pressed while the machine head was still tilted back? Press the power OFF switch and then return the machine head to the upright position. Is the 14-pin machine connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 14-pin machine connector is connected to connector P13 on the main PCB. 	9*
E065	 Was the power ON switch pressed while an invalid key was being pressed on the operation panel? Press the power OFF switch and check that no operation panel keys are being pressed. There is a malfunction of the operation panel. Replace the operation panel. 	**
E066	 Was the actuator switch being pressed when the power ON switch was pressed? Press the power OFF switch and check that the actuator switch is not being pressed There is a problem with the actuator switch. Replace the actuator switch. 	*

Error code	Possible cause	Page
E090 Treadle connector is not connected.	 Is the 4-pin treadle connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 4-pin treadle connector is connected to connector P14 on the main PCB. If there is a broken wire in the cord of the treadle connector, replace the treadle unit. 	47* **
E091	 The settings in "Setting method for standard depression stroke" may be incorrect. Redo the settings in "Setting method for standard depression stroke". Problem with treadle unit. Replace the treadle unit. 	* **
E095	 Was the power ON switch pressed while the treadle was still depressed? Return the treadle to the neutral position. When the treadle neutral position is detected, the error will be cleared and normal operation will then be possible. Is the power supply voltage too low? Check the power supply voltage. 	*
E111	 The sewing machine could not stop correctly at the needle up stop position after thread trimming. Remove any thread scraps that may be blocking the motor. Press the power OFF switch and then turn the machine pulley by hand and check that it turns easily. Check that there are no problems with the thread trimming mechanism. 	* * **
E112	 The needle bar stops before the needle stop position (needle up or needle down). Turn the pulley by hand and check that it does not turn stiffly. Remove any thread scraps that may be stuck in the area around the rotary hook. Abnormal needle up signal. Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 10-pin resolver connector is connected to connector P6 on the main PCB. 	* * 9*
E113	 Stopping could not be confirmed. This error is displayed when the machine could not be immediately stopped because of an abnormal load causing the machine speed to increase during a stopping operation. Turn the pulley by hand and check that it does not turn stiffly. Remove any thread scraps that may be stuck in the area around the rotary hook. 	*
E130	 The sewing machine or motor do not operate when the treadle is depressed. Is the 4-pin motor connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch and check the connection of the 4-pin motor connector. Has the sewing machine locked up? Press the power OFF switch and then turn the machine pulley by hand and check that it turns easily. Problem with control box. Replace the control box. 	9* * **
E131 Problem with motor encoder signal.	 Is the 10-pin resolver connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 10-pin resolver connector is connected to connector P6 on the main PCB. Problem with motor or main PCB. Replace the motor or the control box. 	9* **
E132 Problem with motor operation.	 Problem with motor. Replace the motor. Problem with drive PCB. Replace the control box. 	**
E140 Motor reverse operation.	 Motor reverse operation was detected. Replace the motor. 	**

Error code	Possible cause	Page
E150 Motor is overheating.	 This is displayed when the motor becomes abnormally hot and the temperature protection has activated. After the temperature has dropped, press the power ON switch and operate the sewing machine as normal. 	
E151 Problem with motor overheating sensor.	 Is the connector inside the motor disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the connector is securely inserted. 2 / / 0 	**
	Malfunction of motor overheating sensor	**
E190 Motor timeout.	 This appears on the display when the sewing machine has been operating continuously for 3 minutes or more. Turn the power switch off and then back on again, and then operate the sewing machine normally. 	
E191 Thread trimming solenoid timeout.	 This is displayed if the sewing machine motor locks during thread trimming. Remove any thread scraps that may be blocking the motor. Check that there are no problems with the thread trimming mechanism. 	* **
E410 Error communicating with operation panel.	 Is the 12-pin operation panel connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 12-pin operation panel connector is connected to connector P7 on the main PCB. 	9*
E440 Error writing data to main PCB.	Problem with main PCB. Replace the control box.	**
E441 Error reading data from main PCB.	Problem with main PCB. Replace the control box.	**
E442 Problem with data on main PCB.	 The data on the main PCB is corrupted. Corrupt data was initalized. Turn the power off and then back on again. 	
E450	 Model selection could not be loaded from the head detector unit. Check that the head detector unit specifications are correct. 	*
E451 Error writing data to head detector unit.	Problem with head detector unit. Replace the head detector unit.	**
E452 Head detector unit connection error.	 Is the 6-pin head detector unit connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the 6-pin head detector unit connector is connected to connector P8 on the main PCB. 	9*

Error code	Possible cause	Page				
E453 Abnormal head detection counting data	 There is a problem with the head detector unit counting data. The counting data was initialized. Turn the power off and then back on again. 					
E701 Abnormally high power supply	 Does the power supply voltage match the control box voltage specifications? Check that the voltage matches. Is the power supply voltage abnormally high? Check the power supply voltage approximately high? 	*				
voltage.	Check the power supply voltage. Problem with control box. Replace the control box. 	*				
E705 Abnormally low power supply	 Is the power supply voltage abnormally low? Check the power supply voltage. Problem with control box. Replace the control box. 	*				
voltage.						
E709 Power switch ON verification cannot	 Is the electrical equipment connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the drive PCB connector is connected to connector P3 on the main PCB. Problem with drive PCB. 	*				
be carried out.	Replace the control box.	**				
E710 Motor overcurrent.	 Is the electrical equipment connector inside the control box disconnected? Press the power OFF switch, and then check that the drive PCB connector is connected to connector P4 on the main PCB. This is displayed if the machine pulley moves stiffly when it is turned by hand, or if 	*				
	 the sewing machine locks up and an abnormal current is flowing. Press the power OFF switch, and then turn the machine pulley by hand and check that it turns easily. This is displayed if there is some problem with the motor and an abnormal current is 	*				
	flowing. Replace the motor. • Problem with control box.	**				
	Replace the control box.This is displayed when there is overcurrent in any of the solenoids (thread trimming,	**				
E791 Solenoid overcurrent.	 thread wiping, quick reverse or presser lifter). Check the resistances of the solenoids. Problem with main PCB. 	*				
overearrent.	Replace the control box.	**				
E901	 DIP switch No. 4 inside the control box is set to ON. Press the power OFF switch and set DIP switch No. 4 to OFF. 	47*				

If an error code that is not listed above appears or if carrying out the specified remedy does not solve the problem, contact the place of purchase.

10.7-SEGMENT DISPLAY

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	ב ו		4	5	5	1	B	5
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
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* Please note that the contents of this manual may differ slightly from the actual product purchased as a result of product improvements.

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S-7220C SB4251-001 E 2013.04. D(1)